

# QUEEN OF ITALY GUDE AND NURSE

## Mistress of Every Detail of Red Cross Ministry, Says Ambassador.

## BEDSIDE VIGIL GIVES WOUNDED MAN SLEEP

## Relief Committees Here Report Flow of Funds to Help War Zone Sufferers.

Brooklyn will fall into line in the country-wide campaign of relief for Jewish war sufferers with a mass meeting at the Academy of Music to-night.

Mayor Mitchell will represent the City of New York and President Lewis H. Founds will speak for the Borough of Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman will be spokesman for the Gentiles in the borough, and the Jews will be represented by Jacob H. Schiff, Louis Marshall, Benjamin H. Namm, Joseph Harbess, Dr. Schaya Levin, Representative Meyer London and the Rev. Dr. L. M. Wagner.

"Please don't include \$2 for the Jewish Relief. The Jews of the Christian was a Jew. I wish I could give more, but will send the little I can spare," says a letter received by Felix Warburg, treasurer, from "A Christian Woman." From such contributions as this and many larger ones the funds in Dr. Warburg's care have grown to \$2,203,538.88. Among the recent contributions were:

Utica Committee, \$4,000; Philadelphia Committee, \$10,000; Mrs. E. H. Harzmann, \$2,000; Indianapolis Committee, \$1,000; Chattanooga Committee, \$1,000; East Liverpool Committee, \$1,522.71; Rhode Island A. J. R. C., \$2,500; Zanesville Committee, \$1,718; McAllester Committee, \$1,573.50; Haverhill Committee, \$1,446.50; Chickasha Committee, \$1,336.36; Congregation Chaszi Zedek, \$3,333.33; St. Joseph Committee, \$1,710.08; York Committee, \$3,141.41; Iowa Committee, \$296.

Contributions amounting to \$2,559.93 have been sent by the New York State Board of the American Red Cross, 130 East Twenty-second Street, this week, making the total \$28,573.65. Recent gifts included the following: Brooklyn Chapter Red Cross, \$1,000; Peerless Motor Car Company, \$500; George W. Shurman, \$250; William Colgate, \$100, and Captain E. Hecker, \$25.

On the steamship Rochambeau, which sailed February 3, the American Red Cross shipped fifty-seven cases of hospital supplies to the American Relief Committee in Paris and eight cases to the Belgian Red Cross depot in Calais.

The story of a complete transformation into a Red Cross hospital of the Italian Red Cross hospital, the "Palace," in Rome, the winter residence of the royal family, is told by Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page in the leading article in "The American Red Cross Magazine" for February. He describes a tour of the hospital, with Queen Elena as guide, the ambassador writes:

"In a few minutes we were being shown everything under the personal guidance of her majesty, who had been the Queen of Italy, might, from her perfect knowledge of every detail and the simplicity with which she conducted us, have been imagined only a courtier, trained all her life to attend to precisely the duties of that position. It was hard to tell which was the more interesting reflection—that the Queen should be so simply, natural and perfectly informed as to every detail of the hospital, or that this perfectly informed, simple, natural mistress of a hospital was the Queen of Italy."

"The Queen of Italy," he heard, had asked the Queen the night they came to sit beside him, as he thought he could sleep and his fever would go down if he would stay with him. So he sat by his bedside until late in the night when he had fallen asleep.

Donna Elsie del duchi Torlonia, formerly Miss Mary E. Moore, who is visiting her mother at 17 East Eighty-third Street and bringing supplies for the Italian Red Cross, has issued an appeal for funds and woollen garments for 300,000 destitute women and children in Rome. Contributions to the Torlonia Relief Fund may be sent to the Central Trust Company, Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street.

"The need for shoes in Liege," says the Rev. Dr. C. N. Lathrop, of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, is so great that the authorities ripped up rugs in the town hall and sent them to a factory to be made into footwear. The shoes now worn by the peasants are made of wooden slabs and made of carpet uppers.

Contributions for the Belgians received at 71 Broadway in January amounted to \$39,304, and the commission is campaigning for more funds to meet the winter clothing emergency in Belgium.

Gertrude Robinson Smith, chairman of the Buffalo committee of the Vacation War Relief Fund, announces that the benefit concert given by the city and other artists in Washington January 27 netted \$48,828.21, bringing the total to \$63,820.21.

The American Ambulance Hospital in Paris, France, for which the American Red Cross has received the following contributions during the last week: Buffalo committee, \$500; Society of Catholic Dames, of Rhode Island, \$300; Mrs. J. H. Haggin, \$200; George Pierce, \$100; Francis L. Stetson, \$100; W. H. Beck, \$100; "Yale News," \$200.29; through Mrs. Bacon, \$200, and from a mass meeting at Tremont Temple, \$200.

H. Leprieux gave \$500 to the American Girls' Aid last week. This society shipped 192 cases of supplies to France last week from its new office, 330 Fifth Avenue.

## GERMANS STUDY TURKISH

Courses in Thirty Cities to 1,500 Students—Teachers Are Turks.

Berlin, Feb. 5.—So great has been the impetus to learn the Turkish language that courses in it are now being given in no less than thirty German cities, according to the German-Turkish Association. More than 1,500 persons altogether are studying Turkish.

The demand in Berlin for instruction in the language of the new ally is so extensive that two extra courses have had to be planned for the end of this month. One is to be for beginners and the second for more advanced students. The instruction in all cases is by Turks.

## CZAR'S SHIPS FOIL TURKS

Repulse Battery and U-Boat Attacks—Ship Out of Range.

Petrograd, Feb. 5 (via London, Feb. 6).—A Russian official statement issued to-night says that two Russian destroyers manning the southern coast of the Black Sea came under the fire of coast batteries and were simultaneously attacked by a submarine.

The destroyers, the statement says, by manoeuvring cleverly, easily repulsed the attacks and steamed out of range unharmed.

## RUSSIANS ANNIHILATE FOE

### Make Bold Dash Through Germans' Barbed Wire Barrier.

Petrograd (via London), Feb. 5.—The official statement issued by the Russian War Office to-night says:

"Western (Russian) front: A German detachment which attempted to approach our lines on the island of Glandon, south of Dvinsk, was repulsed by our rifle fire. A large number of German aeroplanes flew over our positions at Dvinsk, and some Zeppelins also were observed. Yesterday's fighting was marked by a series of successful attacks by scouts of General Ivanov's troops. In the Jutov district our scouts made their way to barbed wire entanglements, advanced through openings torn by our artillery and attacked and annihilated a strong body of the enemy. In the region of Zaitchki a number of the enemy's outposts were scattered and annihilated."

## BRITAIN WILL WALL SEACOAST TO ALIENS

### Americans Worried Lest New Rules Apply to Them.

(By Cable to the Tribune.)

London, Feb. 5.—Although they do not go into effect until February 14, the new Home Office rules regarding aliens, which were issued under the form of a royal proclamation, are causing perturbation among neutrals resident in Great Britain. The general tenor of the orders makes almost all the seafaring world liable to arrest.

The main effect will be to make it necessary for any alien wishing to visit these places to obtain a special permit from the police, while all probably will be required to carry an identification book containing photograph, name, address and place of birth. This book will be stamped when the owner goes to a fresh locality.

The orders are drafted so as to apply to friendly aliens of all nationalities. The American Consulate is officially informed that no date has yet been fixed for their application to Americans. Because of the undoubted inconvenience they would cause to the large American colony, there is general expectation that no such steps will be taken.

## SCHOOL REFORMS REST ON ELECTION

Continued from page 1

ter attack of the director of the Public Education Association, Howard W. New.

Opposition of the New York Federation of Labor to the election of William G. Wilcox and John Whalen, and to the reappointment of Commissioner of Education Flexner, which will follow the success of the progressive faction, developed Friday. A resolution that adopted by the Central Federation Union was signed yesterday by an open letter, signed by Abraham Flexner, president, to Mayor Mitchell and the members of the Board of Education, urging them to vote for the Churchill nominee. This opposition is the result of a letter from Abraham Flexner, a member of the board and an advocate of Mr. Wilcox, to Commissioner Winthrop.

## Rockefeller Influence Seen.

The federation said in the letter that the election of the progressive candidates would place in the hands of the city schools into the hands of the Rockefeller interests. In his letter to Mayor Mitchell yesterday Mr. Holland says: "I have seen the letter of Commissioner of Education Flexner to Commissioner Winthrop, which shows very clearly that Commissioners Flexner and Fosdick are trying to secure control of public education for the Rockefeller crowd, and the State Department is trying to control the movement of the City of New York in requesting you to ask for the resignation of Commissioners Flexner and Fosdick. In view of the uncovering of the Rockefeller interest in the control of the city schools, organized labor's suspicions of the underhand methods of the Rockefeller interests are fully confirmed."

In a letter to the commissioners of the Board of Education, Mr. Holland says that he has knowledge of "secret meetings" to place the Rockefeller interest in control of the schools.

What interested parties may have on the opponents of President Churchill's candidate is a subject of much speculation. It is expected that it will alienate three or more wavering commissioners. It was said yesterday that the strengthening of the progressive ranks would be more than counteracted by the awakening of public indignation against the rejection of District Superintendent Taylor and by President Churchill's attack against Mayor Mitchell yesterday.

Wednesday's action against Mr. Taylor has brought the feud to a climax. It has stiffened and united the progressive ranks, and the public opinion in its favor. It is considered that that action was a high handed proceeding by the Churchill group in a last effort to remove from the board the man who has been the chief opponent to the adjustment of the school system. It is the first time in six years that a candidate supported by the board of superintendents for election has been rejected.

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# INVINCIBLE SWISS SOLDIERS AT 8

## Boy Is Father to Crack Marksman and Military Expert.

## LITTLE NATION LEADS IN SERVICE CORPS

## Invisible Army, Rifles in Homes, Awaiting Call, Model for U. S. Defence League.

Switzerland's solution of the armament problem, by which it has succeeded in maintaining its neutrality in the midst of its much more powerful warring neighbors, is the subject of detailed study in an article prepared for the American Defence League by the official Swiss bureau here.

One feature of the Swiss plan to which attention is drawn is the fact that military training begins with the eight-year-old schoolboy and that every male citizen, unless disqualified by illness or mental ailments, must participate. The report says:

"The Swiss army is a citizen army. This accounts for the fact that Switzerland, with a population of 3,800,000, maintains the largest armed force in Europe proportionately.

"France came second, and Germany and Sweden third. The other countries maintain from one soldier to every 110 inhabitants, as in the case of Russia, to one soldier to every 170 inhabitants, as in the case of Great Britain.

"Statistics show that the per capita cost of the Swiss army is about \$2.25, of the British army \$4, of the French army \$3.35 and of the German army \$2.10. The per capita expenditure of the United States army is about \$1.40, and according to statistics, this country possesses an army of 170,016, including the national guard, all non-combatant troops, and the coast artillery corps.

## Nation Ready to Fight.

"The Swiss military forces consist of three different divisions. These are the so-called 'Auszug,' or 'elite,' the Landwehr and the Landsturm. To the Auszug belong the young men from twenty to thirty-two, and to the Landwehr, the men from thirty-three to forty, and to the Landsturm the men from forty-one to forty-eight.

"The extent of interest in federal shooting matches held for the purpose of training the youth in marksmanship is shown by the fact that at Berne in 1910 gallery stands numbering 300 were in use. At every stand were from thirty to forty men waiting their turns. Some of them waited ten or twelve hours.

"In that same year there were a total of 44,000,000 shots fired in rifle practice in Switzerland, with its population of 3,800,000. In Germany, with a population of 67,000,000, there were only 30,000,000 practice shots fired, and in

# MOST FIGHT 1,500 MILES OUT AT SEA

## Navy Should Be Ready to Meet Foe on Both Oceans, Says F. J. Sprague.

The United States must have a navy second to none; the United States could not now make good its claim of "peace and good will," and the United States has the nucleus of the world, declares Frank J. Sprague. Mr. Sprague, who is chairman of the committee on electricity and shipbuilding of the Naval Consulting Board, returned here yesterday after spending a month on the battleship New York, maneuvers of the Atlantic fleet in Southern waters.

A graduate of Annapolis and the first engineer to recommend the introduction of electricity into the service of the navy, Mr. Sprague said his observations while aboard the New York had convinced him that America must be prepared to fight her future battles at least fifteen hundred miles out at sea. "I feel," he said, "that this country, endowed with such great wealth, should have the largest navy in the world. We ought, at least, to have a navy strong enough to meet attack in two directions if the occasion requires."

Five years, according to Mr. Sprague, would be required to place the navy on an equal footing with that of Great Britain, provided Congress saw fit to make the necessary appropriations. "We are no longer an insular country," he said. "We must be prepared to fight for our rights, if the time comes, and no matter how much money we spend now in upbuilding our navy, it will not be lost."

The two most vital needs of the navy, according to Mr. Sprague, are more officers and men and greater efficiency in target practice.

Mr. Sprague is preparing a detailed report of his observations, which will be forwarded to Secretary Daniels at Washington. He said he would make recommendations for improvements of electrical devices now in use on the ships. He will recommend, also, that other members of the Naval Consulting Board take a cruise with the navy.

At that moment Hauser, a manufacturer of optical planes at 184 Fifth Avenue, was in the sheriff's office, 51 Chambers Street, awaiting admission to Ludlow. He had surrendered rather than pay \$144 alimony due Mrs. Pertie Hauser, who had obtained a separation from him.

There was, however, a vexatious delay. Deputy Sheriff Neilson, who had the commitment, was out looking for Hauser, who had to wait a couple of hours until the deputy returned. His baggage was waiting him when he arrived at the jail.

CALL AUSTRALIAN RUSSIANS  
Consuls Order 20,000 to Join Czar's Army or Expeditionary Force.

Sydney, Australia, Feb. 5.—The 20,000 Russians resident in Australia have just been notified.

Among the men among them of military age must take part in the war. They are given the option of either joining the armies in Russia or enlisting in the Australian expeditionary force.

Russians in Australia are nearly all of the working class, largely employed as miners. The Russian Consul here said, in explaining the call to the colors, that the regulations required that the military age men to military commands imperative and that shirkers are regarded as deserters and are subject to martial law.

## FIRE RECORD.

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